Interesting News Compilation.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Ir is estimated that the total expenditure of the Post-office Department for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1885, will be coal and iron producers in Altoona, Pa. soc.on, 169, of which there is expected to be provided from the revenues of the department \$51,273,230.

JAMES SCHUYLER CROSSY on the 11th took the oath of office as First Assistant Postmaster-General, and began the discharge of his official duties.

On the 12th the Washington monument had reached a greater height than that of any other structure in the world, being 520 feet ten inches above the floor of the monument. The next highest structure is the spire of the Cologne Cathedral, 515 feet gh. The monument will be dedicated

February 22 next. During the past year pensions to the number of \$22,756 and to the amount of \$56,-908,597 were paid in this country. Of the 927,922 claims filed since 1861, 545,130 have been allowed, the total amount disbursed during that period being \$678,346,834.

RETURNS for November to the Department of Agriculture indicated a corn product somewhat in excess of 1,800,000,000 bushels, a small fraction above twenty-six bushels per acre.

For the ten months ended October 31 brendstuff exports from the United States aggregated in value \$120,998,047, against \$145,125,331 for the corresponding period in

Duning the year 1885 the charters of 721 of over \$180,000,000, will expire. From information received by the Comptroller of the Currency it is expected a large majority of these banks will continue their

DESPITE the advice of physicians, Lieutenant Greely left his home recently for Montgomery on the 11th. The Senate er-Washington to prepare his report. He ganized by electing Thomas Seay Presiwalks slowly, but claims to have fully re-

covered his memory.

Is the past ten months this country exported \$37,939,746 of gold. Great Britain took \$28,474,870, France \$4,352,824, the West veto power and the appropriation to com-Indies \$3,889,014, Germany \$1,600,420, South America \$782,089, and other places \$795,419. Our imports of gold aggregated \$13,538,048.

\$24,381,698 in favor of the former. DURING October 36,441 immigrants arrived in this country, and 7,990 citizens of the United States returned from abroad. of cotton at Eufaula, Ala., the loss being For the ten months ended October 31 the \$75,000. total number of immigrants coming to this

ninety-one new National banks were chartered in the United States, adding a net aggregate of about \$15,000,000 to the National banking capital of the country. During the period named eleven National banks have failed.

A CIRCULAR was issued on the 14th by the National Board of Health to the Governors of the various States advising them that the presence of Asiatic cholera | half cents per pound. An epidemic form in Europe is a constant menace to the people of this country, and arging them in view of the imminent dan- was found dead in his garret, surrounded latures to provide thorough sanitary meas-

United States and Canada during the seven 774; Cleveland's plurality, 35-883. days ended on the 14th, against 198 the 40; Pacific States and Territories, 16; Can- who had been his housekeeper for twenty

THE EAST.

At Oil City, Pa., and adjoining towns the 12th.

In an address in New York on the even-

Counterpair silver dollars so finely ex- crime. ecuted as to almost defy detection are in circulation in Boston. They are of a clear and almost perfect ring. The die is excellent, and the size and thickness correspond with the standard silver dollars.

THE official vote given at the recent election in New Hampshire was as follows: Blaine, 43,166; Cleveland, 39,166; St. John, 1,573; Butler, 552; Blaine's plurality, 4,000; Blaine's majority, 1,875. Currier, Republican, for Governor, has a majority over all

THE marriage of a great-granddaughter of Governor Joseph Heister, of Pennsylvania, to the great-grandson of General Peter Muhlenburg, of Revolutionary fame, took place recently at Reading, Pa. THE sudden death of Mr. Ormsby Phillips, one of the proprietors of the Pitts-

burgh (Pa.) Dispatch, occurred a few mornings ago. PENNSYLVANIA'S official vote at the re-

THE other day a fourteen-year-old boy

youngest sister and placed her on a red-bot stove, burning her fatally.

Avew nights ago masked men robbed He recommends that their reservations be

the house of Captain John Morrow, an invalid, at Mansfield, Pa., of \$500 and valnables. They bound and gagged Mrs. Morrow and a female friend in a brutal manner, and the former might not recover. By a collision recently the ship Andrew Johnson, of Thomaston, Me., was sunk in

West Indian waters, and seventeen of the crew were drowned. At Trenton, N. J., Rev. Henry Williamcommitted suicide recently with a re-

volver, blowing out his brains. AT Concord and other towns in New Hampshire a severe earthquake shock was

felt on the 15th. A rew days ago John Maxwell, of South Argyle, N. Y., many years insane and confined in an old house, was burned to death in the destruction of the building

Ox the 13th a monument to commemo rate the revolutionary battles of 1778 was unveiled at Monmouth, N. J., in the pres-

ence of 35,000 persons.
The Boston Shoe & Leather Insurance

Company has retired from the business of NEAR Cape Vincent, N. Y., four men

were drowned a few evenings ago by the spectting of a row-boat. Os the 14th services commemorating the

100th anniversary of the consecration of Samuel Seabury, the first American

THE death of William H. Duncan, who at the recent election was re-elected by the Democrats to Congress in the Nineteenth Pennsylvania District, occurred at Sherman House in Chicago on the 13th. his residence in Gettysbur, a few morn- Over two hundred delegates were in atings ago of consumption. tendance.

By the bursting of a cannon at Little Falls, N. Y., a few evenings ago four per-sons were probably injured. For the seven days ended on the 14th

dry-goods imports at New York reached an aggregate value of \$1,087,000. The amount marketed was \$1,112,000. THE glass-works of King & Upton, at 'eabody, Mass., were burned a few morn-

ings ago, causing a loss of \$100,000.

Ar Camden, N. J., counterfeit \$10 bills on a Cincinnati bank are plentiful, and William L. Thompson, an engraver, was arrested on the 14th at Philadelphia as being one of the coiners.

The failure is announced of S. C. Baker

one of the wealthiest land-owners and coal and iron producers in Altoona, Pa.

In the lumber yard of Kramer, Mann & Co., near Lock Haven, Pa., a fire recently destroyed lumber valued at \$200,000.

WEST AND SOUTH. DURING a Democratic celebration on the

11th at Laling, Tex., an anvil exploded, instantly killing two young men, Buck Wright and Monroe Fay. THE trial of the case of Mrs. Colton

against Governor Stanford, C. P. Hunting ton and Charles Crocker was begun at San Francisco on the 11th. The amount involved is nearly \$3,000,000. Upon a plea of guilty A. D. Sly, of St Joseph, Mo., who last year robbed the American Express Company of \$10,800, has acres of land in Richland County, D. T.,

been sentenced to four years in the pen-Ar Lexington, Ky., on the 11th, Maud S. made a mile in 2:094, beating her best

record, which was 2:00%.
GOVERNOR HOADLY, of Ohio, in a proclamation addressed to the citizens of three counties in the Hocking Valley on the 11th gave a warning against incendiarism, threatening to use the entire militia of Ohio

for its suppression.

A raw nights ago William Barnett (colored) was assassinated in his kitchen at National banks, with an aggregate capital Marietta, O., by a shot fired by an unknown person through the window.

At Salt Lake early on the morning of

the 11th a severe shock of earthquake was felt, and many people arose in fright, but no damage was done.

THE Legislature of Alabama Tmet at

Born of the propositions submitted at the recent election to the voters of Illinois-the

constitutional amendment enlarging the plete the State-House-have been ratified by large majorities. THE other day William Johnson, a youth of Granville, W. va., super with his forth-

mother, Mrs. Cole.

A FIRE a few mornings ago destroyed nine stores and their contents and 200 bales

A switch was opened by wreckers the country was 414,324, against 501,037 during other day on the Ohio & Mississippi Road, the same period of last year. the same period of last year.

During the past year one hundred and Gad Fairbanks, the oldest engineer on the

THE strikers in the Hocking Valley made further attempts to intimidate laborers on the 12th at Nelsonville, O. The militia was in readiness to be called upon.

RECENTLY ten car-loads of honey, valued at \$10,000, were purchased at Santa Anna. Can., on the morning of the 13th.

Cal., for shipment to Liverpool via New 11 was reported on the 13th that on Cal., for shipment to Liverpool via New Orleans. The price paid was four and one-

THE other day Herman Seifret, an aged and wealthy miser of Freelandville, Ind., ger which threatens the people of the Unit- by his hoarded wealth. Hunger and cold

dential electors at the recent election was THERE were 200 business failures in the as follows: Cleveland, 78,457; Blaine, 42,-THE marriage of General W. S. Harney, previous seven days. The distribution aged eighty-four, the oldest officer in the said to be abating. was as follows: Middle States, 37; New army, occurred in St. Louis a few days

> years. His two daughters are the wives of titled gentlemen in Europe. At the recent election in Delaware the official vote was as follows: Cleveland,

diphtheria in its worst form prevailed on 17,054; Blaine, 12,778; St. John, 55; Butler, 6. Cleveland's plurality, 4,276. On the 12th Joseph Biggers and Mr. ing of the 12th Mgr. Capel said that the and Mrs. Burgess, residing near Columbad side of American politics was that bus, Ga., died from drinking coffee in

the character of the men who were to rule pointed to an old negro woman, formerly a cook in the family, as being guilty of the THE World's Exposition at New Orleans will open on December 16 and close June 1.

> er, for robbing the county-deposit fund of \$30,500, which he confessed to have spent at gaming. A STAY of proceedings has been granted

by the Supreme Court in the case of James Dacey, convicted of the murder of Aiderman Gaynor, of Chicago, and sentenced to be hanged November 21.

August Tuxnons fired his house, barn and granary in McPherson County, Kan., a few days ago, and then blew out his brains. It was alleged that he also intended to kill his wife and four children. Included in the \$11,000 loss was \$4,000 in cash which was in the house. No cause was known for the deed.

In his annual report on the 13th to the President, Governor Crosby, of Montana, cent election gives Blaine a plurality of stated that the population of the Territory was \$4,000, the taxable property was valued at 800,000,000, and that an application named Houser, near Dayton, Pa., dur-ing his parents' absence stripped his State. He said many of the Indians were would soon be made for admission as a in a deplorable condition, and he feared many would die during the coming winter.

thrown open for settlement. On the 18th Robert Standring, an ordained preacher of the anti-polygamy branch of the Mormon Church, and his wife were found murdered on their ranch, near Pine Grove, Col. Standring was a

Ox the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad a freight-train was wrecked early the other morning near Ashland, O. son, pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal Church | persons were killed outright, and the fireman, who jumped into a creek, was serious-

y injured. DR. GEORGE WORTHINGTON, for many years Rector of St. John's Episcopal Church,

Detroit, has decided after repeated calls to accept the Episcopal Bishopric of Ne-THE Michigan delegation in the Fortyninth Congress will consist of seven Fusion-

ists and four Republicans-a Fusion gain

In Rummel's magazine, near Toledo, O., ten tons of giant powder exploded a few thornings ago by the detonation of a tub of nitro-glycerine, which had placed near a fire to thaw. The explosion was beard at Detroit, vixty miles away, and in the immediate district smashed windows, leveled fences and barns and tore limbs from trees. Several persons were injured, but none

fatally. THE Fox and Sac Indians have leased two hundred thousand acres of grazing Eniscopal Rishon, were held at Trinity land to Kansas parties for ten years at Church, New York, and Christ Church, \$40,000 per annum, the wire fencing to revert to the Indians at the expiration of the

THE second annual session of the National Stockmen's Association convened at the

Monnon converts to the number of about one hundred left Chattanooga on the 13th for Utah. In the party were three negroes—two men and a woman. Those were the first converts to Mormonism from that

PORTLAND (Ore.) advices of the 14th state that the amugging of Chinese from British Columbia into Washington Territory still continues. Recently a small schooner landed forty at one of the lower wharves in Scattle. It required the greatest vigilance to prevent the country from being overrun with them. Opium was

brought over the same way. AT Anderson, Ind., Doxey's Opera House (which cost \$60,000), a number of business structures and a livery stable containing horses, vehicles, etc., were destroyed by fire early the other morning.

At a political celebration at Wellington.

Kan., a few evenings ago Mrs. John Schnarr and a hotel clerk were struck by a sky-rocket and killed, and W. H. Hood was seriously injured. A TERRIBLE railroad accident occurred early on the morning of the 14th at Hemp-

stead, Tex., on the Houston & Texas Central Railway. The north-bound express crashed through a bridge and into Clear Creek, drowning twelve of the passengers and wounding twenty others. Many of , the dead were mangled beyond recognition. SEVERAL wealthy gentlemen of Clever land, O., have incorporated the Cleveland

which will be put under cultivation next year. The capital stock of the company is fixed at \$300,000. THE other evening Truman B. Handy, a noted grain speculator at Cincinnati, was fatally injured in a runaway accident. Robbers blew open the safe in the dry-goods store of David Beigle, at Houcktown,

O., recently with dynamite and robbed it of \$3,000 in money and notes.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. THE Paris police in their determination stop public gambling, on the 11th closed thirty-three club-houses.

THE release is reported of Patrick N Fitzgerald, the Fenian suspect arrested in London in April last on the charge of treason-felony. THE three daughters of Richard Tether-

ington, of Toronto, Ont., were on the morning of the 11th found insensible from gas from a coal stove. Medical aid was sum moned and the victims taken to the hospital. There were slight hopes of their re-THE Indians have become incensed by the free taking of lands by whites about Metlakahtla, British Columbia, and an out-

ship had been ordered to the scene of the disturbances. In some parts of Canada a fatal disease has broken out among hogs, from which many have died, and farmers were on the 11th slaughtering their stock in large numbers to save themselves from further losses.
The Jamaica Legislature has voted sol-

idly against annexation to Canada. FIFTY-FOUR deaths from cholera and eighty-two new cases were reported in Paris during the twenty-four hours ended at nine p. m. on the 13th. A SEVERE earthquake shock was felt in

Colchester and Kingsville, Essex County, El Mehdi's chief lieutenants was marching against Dongola with 12,000 men, while another with 9,000 was advancing against the

Kabbabish tribes,
Ar Wildsor, Ont., John Downey and wife, being destitute, killed themselves a THE Mississippi omeiat vote for treat- and the madand bacoling homeing herself In Paris forty-eight deaths from cholera occurred during the twenty-four hours ended at nine p. m. on the 14th. The

weather was colder and the scourge was A SEVERE shock of earthquake was felt England States, 20; Western, 61; Southern, ago to Mrs. Mary St. Cyr, aged forty-eight, at Clitheroe, in Lancashire, Eng., a few nights ago. Houses were thrown down and great consternation prevailed among the

terror-stricken inhabitants. In the United States of Colombia peace once more reigns, and work on the Paname Canal is progressing actively.

DURING the first ten months of 1884 im migration to Canada materially fell off, when the arrivals were 138,386, as compared with 163,485 for the corresponding period which showed the attempts to pull down which arsenic had been placed. Suspicion in 1881. Of this year's arrivals 80,510 settled in Canada and 57,876 passed through to the States.

A FEW days ago the schooner La Victorie, of Quebec, capsized near the Pilgrims, and the seven persons on board were

LATER. THE canvass of the vote in New York City was completed on the 15th, the result being as follows: Blaine, 90,000; Cleve land, 133,157. The total vote in the State was: Cleveland, 563,103; Blaine, 561,998 St. John, 25,227; Butler, 16,875. Plurality for Cleveland, 1,105. This result gives Cleveland 219 votes in the Electoral Col lege, and insures his election to the Presidency. The complexion of the next Congress is as follows: House-Democrats, 180; Republicans, 145; Greenbacker, 1. Senate-Republicans, 41; Democrats, 35.

THE business portion of Huron, Kan., was reduced to ashes on the 16th, the loss being THE canvass of the official vote of Ohio

at the recent election shows a total of 785,-179. Mr. Blaine had 400,982; Cleveland. 368,280; St. John, 11,269; Butler, 5,170; Blaine's plurality, 31,802.

AFTER a strike of nine months, the coal miners of the Monongahela Valley, hungry and half naked, resumed work at the old rates on the 15th. INCENDIARISM on the 15th was the cause

of a conflagration at Brumswick, Ga., which swept away about seventy buildings, causing a loss of \$200,000. WHILE engaged in a dispute over rents on the 16th near Macon, Ga., Colonel Ben Beck and his son Ben were shot and killed by John and Stephen Stubbs, brothers.

THE losses to all interests by the Hocking

Valley strike since June 27 was on the 15th

placed at \$4,011,000. The loss to the city of Columbus amounted to \$3,511,000. PRESIDENT AUTHUR has appointed Otis P. G. Clarke Commissioner of Pensions, vice Colonel, W. W. Dudley, of Indiana, bo resigned several months ago.

THE safe of the Texas Express Company at Bryan was unlocked a few nights ago and robbed of \$10,800. A young Spaniard had been arrested for the crime. Six buildings of the Wilmington (Del.)

Duning the forty-eight hours ended at nine p. m. on the 16th there were seventyseven deaths from cholera in Paris. The total number of deaths in eight days was TWENTY-FIVE leading business houses at Goldsboro, N. C., were on the 16th de-

Glass Works were burned the other night.

smoking eigarettes near a lot of cotton. The loss was estimated at \$250,500. THE following is the official vote Arkansas at the recent election: Cleveland, 72.900; Blaine, 51,544; Butler, 1,038. Cleve-

stroyed by flames which arose from boys

land's plurality, 21,414. THERE was a serious riot on the 16th near Dungannon, Ireland, the colliers attacking the Protestant Church, assaulting and explosion was caused by the formation of gas in the empty kerosene barrel used to puted possession of the town for two hours. They were finally dispersed by the children were removed to the County Hospital Protestant Church, assaulting and explosion was caused by the explosion was caused by the formation of gas in the empty kerosene barrel used to feed the flames of the bonfire. Four of the children were removed to the County Hospital Protestant Church, assaulting and explosion was caused by the formation of gas in the empty kerosene barrel used to feed the flames of the bonfire. police without any arrests.

THE COUNT FINISHED.

Cleveland and Hendricks Elected President and Vice-President.

their Plurality in New York About 1,100 Bow the News Was Received by the Succemful and Defeated Candi. dates for the Presidency.

THE AGONY ENDED. NEW YORK, Nov. 17 .- At 7:35 Saturday night Deputy County Clerk Beattie made this announcement to the New York Board of County Canvassers: "The Board of Canvassers have completed the canvass of the 712 election districts in the city of New York. As to one district—the First of the Eighteenth—it is necessary that the inspectors be required to correct the return as to an error supposed to be apparent on to an error supposed to be apparent on the face of the return. That return gives to the Blaine electors 54 votes, while from other statements in the return it ought to be 81. This can make a difference of 27 votes; no more no less. If these 27 votes are allowed to Blaine the result will be: For the lowest elector on the Cleveland ticket, 132,157, and the highest on the Blaine ticket, 99,0005; plurality for the lowest Cleveland elector, 43,064." This is a net gain for Blaine of 162 over the generally accepted moofficial figures in New York County, and makes Cleveland's plurality in the State 1,105. The total vote in the State 1s: Cleveland, 563,103; Blaine, 561,008; St. John, 25,227; Butley 16,223. Butler, 16,875-Among the newspapers there are no two

which agree as to the final result. The World gives Cleveland 1,107 plurality in New York State. The Times gives Cleveland 1,105 plurality in New York State. The Tribune gives to Cleveland and Hendrich Clev dricks a plurality in New York State of 1,076. The Sun makes the plurality in the

1,076. The Sun makes the plurality in the State for Cleveland 1,087.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—Governor Cleveland was alone hard at work in the Executive Office when the news of the count came, his private secretary, Colonel Lamunt, having gone to visit his father. The first dispatch was from E. Lynd Steison, of the Dennocratic counsel, before the New York City Canvassing Board. The second was from his associate, Charles P. Miller. The third was from Anima I. Vandermooti. All stated his associate, Charles P. Miller. The third was from Adron J. Vanderpool. All stated that the city canvass was complete and show-ed a plurality of 1,147 in the State. Then came many telegrams of further information; With the remark to the doorkeeper, "I guess sister will like to read these," the Governor went over to the Executive Man-sion and there spent the evening with his sister, Mrs. Hoyt, receiving many tele-grams, but excusing himself except to very intimate Albany friends. He is calm and cheerful at his work, and in no way elated or surprised at the result, which has been apparent to turn to the result days. The time at which he will resign his present office may be inferred from this fact—the Constitution requires him to resign to the Legis-lature, and it will not be in session until

after January 1.
Bosron, Mass., Nov. 17.—A special from Augusta says: "Mr. Blaine regards the official count in New York as practically settling the Presidential question. Mr. Blaine, it is stated on authority, received Saturday afternoon a telegram from New York announcing the completion of the official canvass in that city, and informing him that the plurality for Cleveland in that State would be 1,137. The same authority states that Mr. Blaine accepts the result very cheerfully, and has no regrets growing out of his connection with the cam-paign. He feels that he made a good fight and gracefully bows to the verifict of the American people. He believes the Republic-an party will prove true to its grand past and will increase in strength with coming years. He expects that in 1888 it will again be called back into power. Mr. Blaine leaves for Washingtor the middle of next week, winter. He has leased the Sargent House in Farragut Square, and will shortly resume his work on the second volume of 'Twenty Years of Congress.' The volume will be ready by June next for publication."

military organizations have already placed upon the files of botels in the city appli-Among those received is one from Albany engaging accommodations for one hundred persons. A gentleman from New York said that prominent politicians in that city are preparing to celebrate the inauguration in a very elaborate manner and in addition to the large organizations which will participate a number of private

clubs and association will be present attired in handsome uniform and citizen's dress. WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Washington Star says: The following reply to an inquiry sent to Mr. George William Curtis by a Government employe here has just

by a Government employe nere has jost been received:

West New Brighton, N. Y., Nor. R.—Dear sir: I have your letter of the 12th. There is tremendous demains for a clean sweep, but I think that, while changes will be, and ought to be, made for perfectly legitimate reasons, he will respect the letter and spirit of the Reform law, and that non-political officers who have been honest and effective in discharge of their duty, and who have not mis used their positions for party or political ends will not be arbitrately dismissed for political reasons. Of course, I have no authority to speak for Mr. Cleveland. My faith is founded upon the sole knowlege of his character and convictions. Truly yours.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

RIOT AND FIRE IN GEORGIA.

Several Persons Killed in Dublin and Brunswick Devastated by Incendiaries. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 17,-At two o'clock resterday morning word reached this city that a terrible riot was in progress in Dublin, Laurens County, one of the most thrifty towns in the State, with a population of 3,000. The place is forty miles from railroad and telegraph, but meager reports received picture the turnoil as a race war in which several lives have been lost. What the present condition of affairs is is also unknown. Mounted messengers were sent to learn the facts, but up to a late four nothing had been heard from

On the heels of the rumors of riot cam the intelligence that Brunswick, a sea-port town of 7,000 inhabitants, had been fired by incendiaries, supposed to be negroes. The fire was discovered at 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning in a warehouse in which was stored oil and other combustible material. There had been no fire in the building, and incend diarism is the only theory as to the origin. The flames were quickly communicated to adjoining buildings and sped onward with uncontrolable fury. The wind carried the flames through all the houses on Monk street east of Oglethorpe street, and all north or Grant street. Not a building was left stand-ing, and the scene was one of terrible devas Very few of the occupants of the structures had time to save anything. estimated that between seventy and eighty buildings of various descriptions were de stroyed. The total loss is placed at fully \$250,000, and the insurance will probably not exceed one-third of that amount. Eight blocks of stores are in ruins, nothing being left standing in most cases but the chim-In addition to these are a large munber of private residences.

A Horrible Affair.

CRICAGO, Nov. 17.-The explosion of a kerosene barrel which was thrown on a bon-fire on West Quincy street Saturday after-noon fatally burned six children and fajured and burned several others, Runnal and Adum Poole, brothers: Eddie and Aggie Burke, brother and sister; Annie Ward, and a little two-year-old son of James Daly were fatally and horrfbly burned and bruised. Mary Jane Burke and Stephen Hasse were slightly burned, pital and the others to their homes.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.

innual Report of Lieutenant-General Sheridan-Statistics from the Report of the Commissioner of Pensions-Impor-tant Statements Relative to Contagiou Diseases of Cattle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The annual report of Lieutepant-General Sheridan has been made, covering the period from his assignment to the command of the army November 1, 1883, to November 1, 1884. He says that during this time the entire territory under the supervision of troops has been unusually free from collision, resulting in the loss of either life of property, but that the services of the military in the West con not be safely dispensed with for many years to come. Much thought and attention had been given to rifle firing, and the high scores attained in annual contests for army prizes the past season attest gratifying progress in this vitally important branch of military instruction. It would now be impossible for a close line of battle to stand up before a skirmish line composed of our qualified marksmen. The Lieutenant-General expresses great interest in the National Guard, and thinks Congress should designate the number of men each State should have and provide for them arms and camp and garrison equipage under some wise method of accountability for this property whenever the State Governments themselves appropriate substantial attendants became very angry and made dastardiy threats which the circumstance of ments themselves appropriate substantial respective military systems, in such a man-ner that these sums can not be affected by party legislation. Excepting for our ocean wreck a freight train and reap a righ harvest ner that these sums can not be affected by party legislation. Excepting for our ocean commerce and for our scaboard cities, he does not think we should be much alarmed about the probability of wars with foreign powers, since it would require more than a million and a half of men to make a campaign upon land against us. To transport that number of soldiers, with all their munitions of war, their cavalry, artillery and infantry, even if not molested by us while in transit, would demand a large part of the shipping of all Europe. He earnestly invited immediate attention to the defenseless condition of seaboard cities, and recommends the early being inning of a general system of sea-coast.

and that banks, United States sub-treaturies, public buildings and large mercantile houses can be readily demolished and the commerce of entire cities destroyed by inturisted people with means carried with perfect safety to themselves in the peckets of their cicthing."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—W. W. Dudley, Commissioner of Pensions, submitted his commissioner of Pens

There remain in the hands of pension agents 7,203 adjusted claims on which there is to be paid \$4,949,000. The total number of pensions claimed since the war is 927,922, of which 545,130 have been allowed at a cost of the war is 927,922, of the gaggegate will reach 1,000,000 claims by the aggregate will reach 1,000,000 claims by the gaggegate will reach 1,000,000 claims by the g lon to relieve the claimant from burdens

which virtually deny his claim. ADVICE TO FARMERS. WASHINGTON, Nov. 13 .- A long report upon the contagious diseases of animals has been submitted to the Commissioner of Agriculture by Dr. D. E. Salmon, Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Considerable space is given to the detailed history of the recent outbreak among cattle in Kansas and to a description of its symptoms. Dr. Salmon reaches the conclusion that the disease

was ergotism, due to eating fungus known as ergot. Upon the treatment and preven-tion of this disorder he says: When the first signs of mesoner approximation was ergottsin, due to caning taugus sevents as ergot. Upon the treatment and prevention of this disorder he says:

When the first signs or misores and the complete change of food and to so that it is of good quality, nutrifious and free from ergot. It would also be proper to give the dose of physic in order to remove, as much as possible, the poison still contained in the digestive organs, and to follow this with soft food. In the most severe eases—those in the part of the part of

Department of the Missouri.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13 .- The annual report States of Minnesota, Nebrasha, Missourl ing Secretary on all routine matters. Kansas, Illinois, Colorado, Texas, and the Territories of Dakota, Montana, New Mexico, Indian Territory and a part of Idalso. The full roster of the command shows 15,262 officers and men. In the interest of the public service General Schofield recommends liberal appropriations to provide per-manent shelter for the troops in the division, the stations to be occupied being no longer temporary in their nature, but permanent posts. There is much room, he says, for improvement in the matters of clothing and sub-sistence. Justice and humanity to the Indianal constitution of the says, the says of the s dians he considers the surest and least extrouble with them. A practical school for field artillery is named as an urgent necessity, with which single exception the sys-tem of military instruction is complete. Attention is also invited to the importance of schools for the practical instruction of the militia of the several States.

DONE BY DASTARDS.

Train Wreckers in Texas Throw a Passenger Train Off a Bridge Over the Brazos.

welve Persons Killed Outright-Many Missing, and Thought to Have Been Drowned.

A Large Number More or Less Badly Wounded-Lynchers Searching for the Wreckers.

monning. E. work, HEMPSTEAD, Tex., Nov. 15,-The most Appalling railroad disaster in the history of Texas occurred through the work of nilsereants yesterday at Clear Creek, on the Houston & Texas Central Railroad, two miles southeast of this place. The scene of the disaster is known as one of the mos dangerous points along the line of the road. The creek, with a channel of fifteen feet depth, is spanned by a from an embankment thirty high. Until about three built feet months ago there was a tank at the bridge, but petty depredations on freight trains which stopped there caused it to be aban-doned. The men who had been engaged a board cities, and recommends the early beginning of a general system of sea-coast fortifications. General Sheridan then said:

"This Nation is growing so rapidly that there are signs of other troubles, which I hope will not occur, and which will probably not come tipon us if both capital and labor will obly becomeservative. Still, it should be remembered that destructive explosives are easily made, and that banks, United States sub-treasuries, public buildings and large mercantile houses can be readily demolished and the communication. The remember of contractions of the communication of the freight train which at the last station had taken the side track. The passenger train consisted of two baggage cars, a mail and an express, two coaches, and two sleepers. The losomotive atrack the loosened rail and glided orto the bridge but just as the pressure rested on the extreme end of the rail it uplifted and the communication of the contraction of the freight train which at the last station had taken the side track. The passenger train consisted of two baggage cars, a mail and an express, two coaches, and two sleepers. The losomotive atrack the loosened rail and glided orto the bridge but just as the pressure rested on the extreme end of the rail it uplifted and the contraction of the contraction of the freight train which at the last station had taken the side track. The passenger train consisted of two baggage cars, a mail and an express, two coaches, and two sleepers. The losomotive atrack the loosened rail and glided orto the bridge but just as the pressure rested on the bridge but just as the pressure rested on the bridge but just as the passenger train consisted of two baggage cars, a mail and an express, two coaches, and two sleepers. The losomotive atrack the independent of the freight train which at the last station had taken the side track. The bargage car went crashing over the em-bankment and into the depths of the greek. The remaining cars followed with great velocity, piling fast upon each other,

were 322,756 pensions classified as follows:

218,936 army invalids; 75,836 army widows,
minor children and dependent relatives;
2,616 navy invalids; 1,938 navy widows,
minor children and dependent relatives;
8,806 survivors of the war of 1813, and 19,512 survivors of those who served in that
war. During the year 34,192 new manes
were added to the rolls, and the pensions of
1,221 soldiers whose names had been
dropped were restored. There were 16,313
dropped from the rolls, leaving a net increase of 19,098. The average annual value
of the pensions is \$106,75, and the total
value of all pensions is \$34,455,000, an increase of \$2,211,407 over the pre-esting year.
The amount paid in pensions for the
year was \$55,908,597, the excess over the
annual value of pensions being due to the
Arrears and first payments in new cases.

The following are the killed; E. F. Laris, Work.
To add to these horrors a slove over Arrears and first payments in new cases.

There remain in the hands of pension agents
7,203 adjusted claims on which there is to baggage-master; L. Cadeza, traveling passe

the aggregate will reach 1,000,000 chains by 1886. Of the cases in hand at present 83 per eighteen. The hospital here is giving every cent are pending the action of claimants or their witnesses, one per cent that of the war Department, and fourteen per cent, that of the pension office. The balance are detained the pension office. The balance are detained for several examination of the attention of the action of the pension for special examination or the attention of native of Havana and had no relatives in surgeons. About fifty per cent. of the cases | America. The body was taken charge of carrying arrears have been adjusted. This by friends. The bodies of the unknown class is the most troublesome of all, and the woman and children will be held as long as commissioner recommends remedial legisla-commissioner recommends remedial legisla-tion to relieve the claimant from burdens tow in search of the supposed wreckers,

and if captured lynch law will take its course. PICKPOCKETS IN THE TOILS. Four Skilled Operators Arrested in St.

Louis and \$1,000 Worth of Plunder Recovered. Sr. Louis, Nov. 15-Thursday night E. B. Copes, alias "Benton," J. H. Shurman, alias "Crosby," alias "Bonsetter," Nellie McCabe and Kitty McLean were arrested at a museum here. The four had been living logether. They were suspected of being a rang of nickpockets and thieves. One of the girls was discharged, and as sue ere see

follows:				
STATES.	Pinet. Week.	Prezensus Work.	Interestate.	Deerense.
Middle	37. 200 45 61 18	35 10 17 58 17	8 8	
Total	187	166	11	,

The Forthcoming Treasury Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- Secretary Mc of Major-General J. M. Schofield, in com- Culloch is busily engaged in the preparamand of the Department of the Missouri, tion of his annual report to Congress. It is with headquarters in this city, has been for- intimated he will make some important warded to the Adjutant-General of the recommendations in regard to the revision army. General Schofield succeeded of the tariff, on which subject he is under General Sheridan here November 1, stood to have very decided views. In the 1883. This department comprises the meantime Assistant Secretary Coon is acting Secretary on all routine matters. The Secretary has requested the Comptroller of the Currency and the Treasurer of the United States to withhold their annual reports from publication until after the meet-

Great Destitution.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—There is great ties only. I give myself five years to suffering in the village of Carthage, which work at it and shall think myself lucky was recently almost destroyed by fire. The if I succeed in that time. village has a population of about three thousand, and nearly half the people are homeless. In many instances three, and even four families occupy the houses of one. Two hundred buildings were destroyed. There has been received for relief \$25,000. remains that three times this amount is absolutely required to enable the destitute people to get through winter.

The people teel very grateful, but the fact twould enable every poor man to run is own carriage; it would revolutionize the industrial world,—Philadelphia, Times.

PITH AND POINT.

-Wealth has its cares as well as pov-

Pittsburgh Telegraph.

There is something funny in an elopement that happens in the family of some one clse.—N. T. Picayane.

-An eminent authority on the "Nervous Maladies of Pugs" announces that "quinine is good for dogs." It is not nearly as good as strychnine.—Norristown Herald.

-"Is Life Worth Living?" was the interesting topic discussed in one of our churches recently, and the question recalls the witty but truthful answer:
"It depends on the liver."—Boston

Transcript. -The old man's doll:

"Only a Pansy Blossom,"
Only a bar of soap.
Left on the stairs by the hired girl,
And the old man glides with terrible whiri
Adown the Jagged slope.

- Bag City Press. —"Did you come down on the street ear this morning?" asked Jones of old man Hunter. "No, sir, I came down on a darned innocent-looking banana peel," was the reply as the old fellow limped along.—Christian Advocate.

-A scientific exchange says that "a drain to be a profitable investment must be a permanent improvement."
Men have gone into a permanent improvement in the hope that it would be a profitable investment, and found it nothing but a drain ever since. - Lowell Citizen.

-An astronomer once confidently announced that a big comet that was approaching the earth would not destroy it. "How do you know?" he was asked. "I don't know," he rewas asked. "I don't know," he re-plied; "but in either case I am safe. If it does not knock the world to pieces, I shall be considered a prophot. If it does, they can't blow me up in the newspapers."-N. Y. Ledger.

-When a Virginia belle was once surprised by her father in a parlor of a hotel at the White Sulphur Springs sup-porting upon her shoulder the head of a middle-aged admirer, she at once disarmed the impending rebuke by ex-claiming: "Surely, father, this is not the first time you have seen an old head on young shoulders?"

-Old gent-"Stop! Stop! Do you know what you are doing?" Seely steenger-"Yes, sir; but I can' help it, sir. I was about to steal a loaf of bread. I am starving, sir." "No matter. Don't you know that if you should steal a loaf of bread you would be imprisoned?" "Yes, I know that; but what can I do, sir? I must live."
"Well, if you will steal, take the whole bakery, and then you can compromise the proprietor."-Philadelehia with

-The parasol question: Before marriage—"Excuse me. George. Did my parasol hart you?" "Oh, no! my dear; it would be a pleasure if it did." After marriage-"Great heavens! there was never a woman under the sun that knew how to carry a parasol without scratching a fellow's eyes out;" "And there never was a man that knew enough to walk on the right side of a woman with a parasol." "There isn't any right side to a woman with a para-N. Y. Post.

LUNATICS.

Where They Come From-Profession

For many years past we have made statistics our especial study. We revel character as those relating to bankruptcy, criminals, rainfall, atmospheric pressure, railway rates, thunder-storms, duration of sunshine, etc., but we have never hitherto found anything so much to our taste as the statistics of insanity and occupation. Some one has gone to the trouble of compiling a list of statistics showing the particular occupation followed by the inmates of the different public and private lunatic asy-lums in England before their incarcera-From this it appears that the tion. professional and commercial groups yield by far the largest proportions, varying from five per 1,000 in soldiers to 3.4 in civil engineers, and 2.4 in arcists to 1.0 in the teaching and lecturing class. In the commercial group, travelers stand high, 1.3 per 1,000. In the agricultural, farriers and veterinary surgeons head the list, 1.3; while shepherds and gamekeepers are the lowest, Of manufacturers, paper-makers ant, O.O. schile plumbers, painters, and glaziers are highest, 1.9. The group of persons employed in the heavier kinds of manul labor yields a lower proportion than any other, 0.48, miners being the lowest of its constituent classes, 0.3. We can understand soldiers going wrong in the head, because they have frequently to go into burning hot climates, where they are exposed to sunstroke and other evils. We can also understand artists getting astray in the upper story when their pictures are rejected, but we cannot understand the civil engineer, who, as a rule, has about the pleasantest occupation among the profession, unless it be a struggling and unrecognized man. Plumbers, painters and glaziers, of course, go wrong through remorse at the way they have served a confiding public, while, as a rule, the lower class of laborers have not brains enough to get out of order. It is especially pleasing to find the percentage of journalists and parsons is too small to be recognized. This is doubt-less due to the highly moral lives led

by these two branches of the intellect 2al professions.-London Sportsman. MR. EDISON'S SEARCH.

He Is to Devote Five Years to the Elimina

tion of the Steam Engine.

"The great secret of doing away with the intermediary furnaces, boilers, steam engines and dynamos will be found, probably, within ten years. I have been working away at it for some months and have got to the point where an apparently insurmountable obstacle confronts me. Working at the problem now seems to me very much like driv-ing a ship straight for the face of a precipice and when you come to grief picking yourself up and trying it again get quite a current now directly from the combusion of fuel. Jablochkoft tried his hand at a same thing some years ago, and so aid some Germans,

"The unscientific world has no con ception of what such a discovery would mean. It would ut an end to boilers and steam engines; it would make power about one-tenth as cheap as it is now; it would enable a steamship to ross the Atlantic at a nominal cost;

but the results were laboratory curiosi-